



MAINLAND CHINA AND HONG KONG RESIDENTIAL MARKETS

Press Conference
by Knight Frank and Beijing Holdways
10 December 2015





MAINLAND CHINA'S ECONOMY AND **POLICIES**

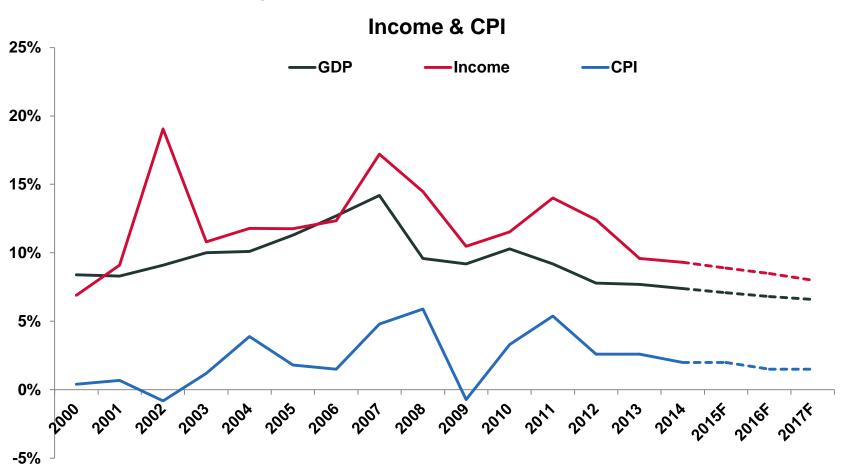
Presented by Nancy Cheng, Marketing Director, Beijing Holdways

MACRO ECONOMIC FACTORS





Changes of Mainland China's GDP, Household



MAJOR RESIDENTIAL MARKET POLICIES (A) HOLDWAYS | Knight Frank





May-Sep, 2014

Most secondary cities abolished home purchase restriction, which remains in Tier-1 cities

Sep 30, 2014

Second-home buyers enjoyed same 30% down-payment as first-time homebuyers, if they have fully repaid the mortgage loans on first homes.

Mar 30, 2015

The minimum mortgage requirement for second-home buyers lowered from 60% to 40%

Aug 27, 2015

Foreign real estate investment restriction further relaxed. Overseas companies and individuals can buy properties for own use.



Nov 22, 2014

The People's Bank of China (PBOC) cut oneyear RMB benchmark deposit and loan interest rates by 25 and 40 basis points (bps) respectively.

Mar 1, 2015

PBOC cut benchmark interest rate by 25 bps.

May 11, 2015

PBOC cut benchmark interest rate by 25 bps.

Jun 28, 2015

PBOC cut benchmark interest rate by 25 bps.

Aug 26, 2015

PBOC cut benchmark interest rate by 25 bps.

Oct 24, 2015

PBOC cut benchmark interest rate by 25 bps.

IMPACT OF POLICY RELAXATION ON HOME PRICES



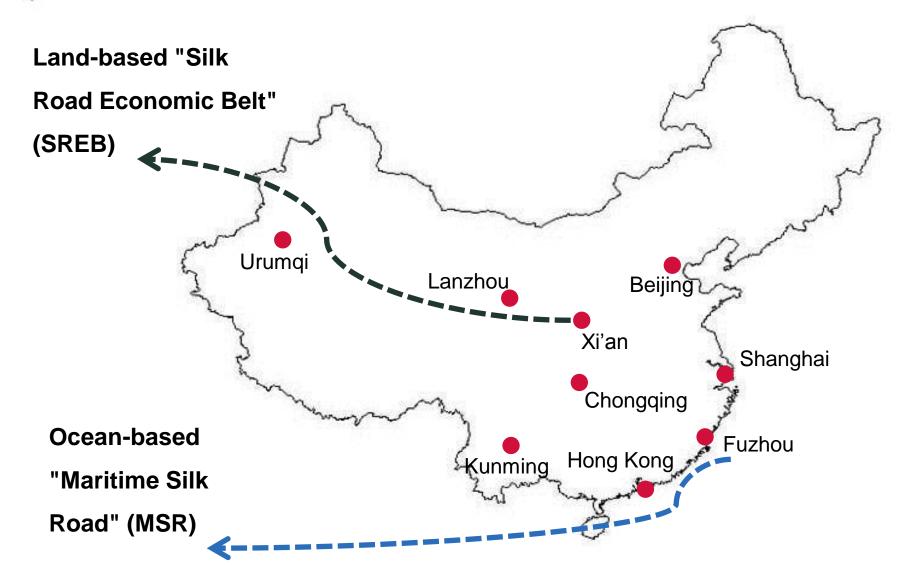
Mainland Chinese cities	Home purchase restriction	Average home price Y-o-Y change in Sep 2015
Beijing, Shanghai, Guangzhou, Shenzhen and Sanya	Still in place	11%
Others	Removed	▼ 3%

Source: National Bureau of Statistics / Knight Frank Research

"ONE BELT ONE ROAD" INITIATIVEO







POLICY OUTLOOK



- Mainland China's target GDP growth above 6.5% in five years to 2020. PBOC is expected to cut interest rate by 50 bps and required reserve ratio by 150 bps before June 2016.
- Relaxation of Home Purchase Restriction (HPR) in Beijing,
 Shanghai, Guangzhou, Shenzhen and Sanya unlikely due to strong demand.
- Other relaxing measures such as the lowering of minimum mortgage ratios and transaction taxes expected in 2016.
- Cities along "One Belt One Road" route likely to see policy support, regarding especially infrastructure.

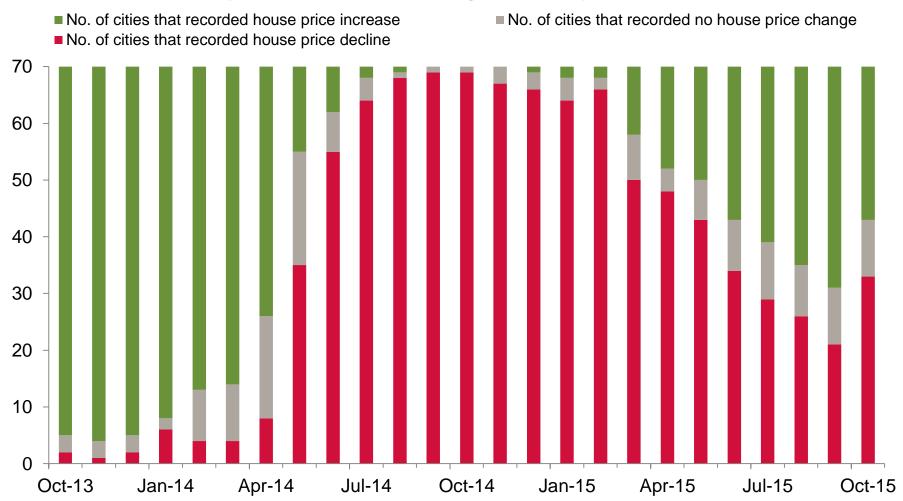


MORE CHINESE CITIES SAW HOME PRICES INCREASE





Monthly residential price change in 70 major Chinese cities

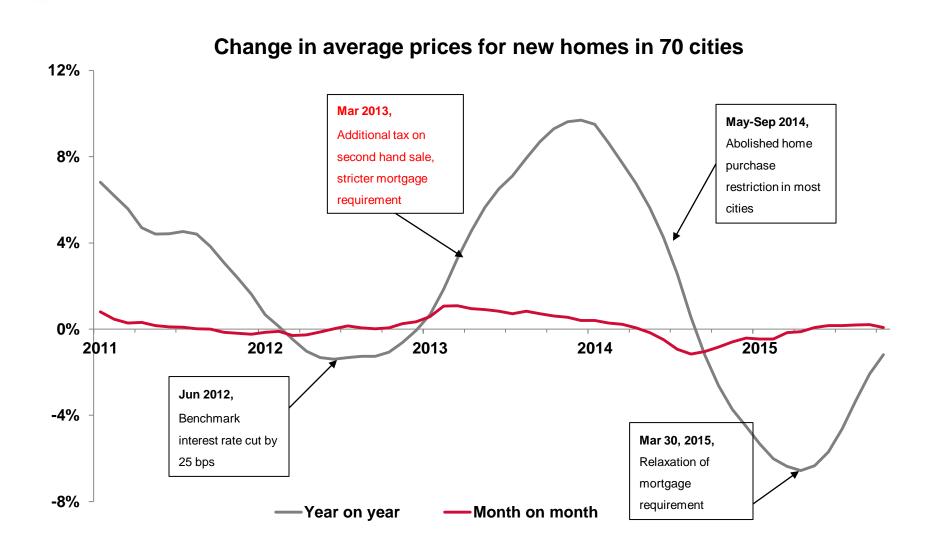


Source: National Bureau of Statistics / Knight Frank Research

MAKRET STARTED TO IMPROVE SINCE QI 2015







10 BEST AND WORST-PERFORMING MAINLAND CITIES IN HOME PRICES





Rank	Mainland cities	Y-o-Y change	Mainland cities	Y-o-Y change
1	Shenzhen	1 40.5%	Zhanjiang	♣ 6.5%
2	Shanghai	1 2.7%	Dandong	■ 6.2%
3	Beijing	1 8.1%	Jinzhou	▼ 5.8%
4	Guangzhou	↑ 7.1%	Xiangyang	▼ 5.0%
5	Nanjing	↑ 5.1%	Shaoguan	4 .9%
6	Hangzhou	↑ 3.2%	Bengbu	4 .7%
7	Xiamen	1 2.9%	Nanchong	4 .5%
8	Wuhan	1 2.6%	Hohhot	4 .5%
9	Zhengzhou	1 .9%	Guilin	4 .5%
10	Ningbo	1 .8%	Yinchuan	4 .4%

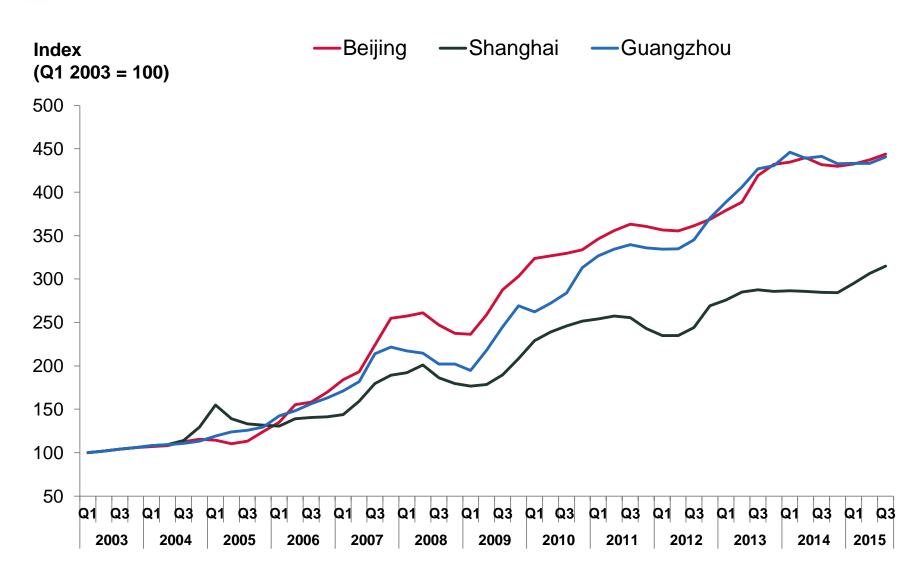
Note: October 2015

Source: National Bureau of Statistics / Knight Frank Research

FIRST-TIER CITIES LUXURY HOME PRICES CONTINUED TO RISE



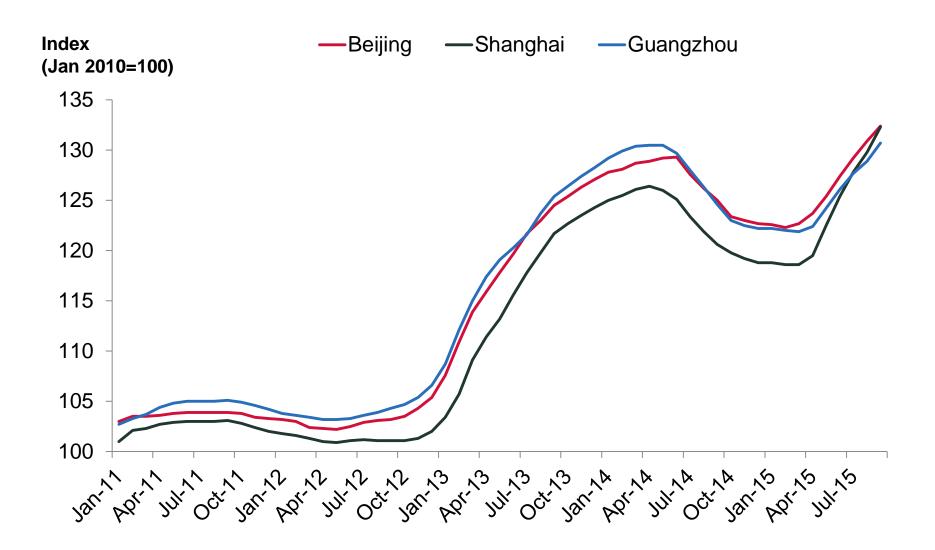




MASS HOME PRICES REBOUNDED AFTER HITTING THE BOTTOM IN LATE 2014

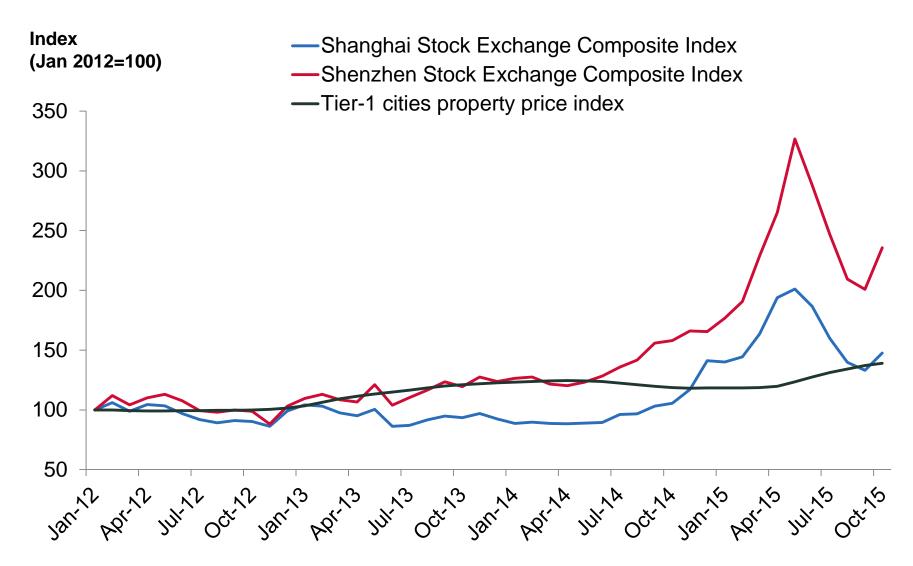






HOME PRICES LESS VOLATILE THAN STOCK PRICES

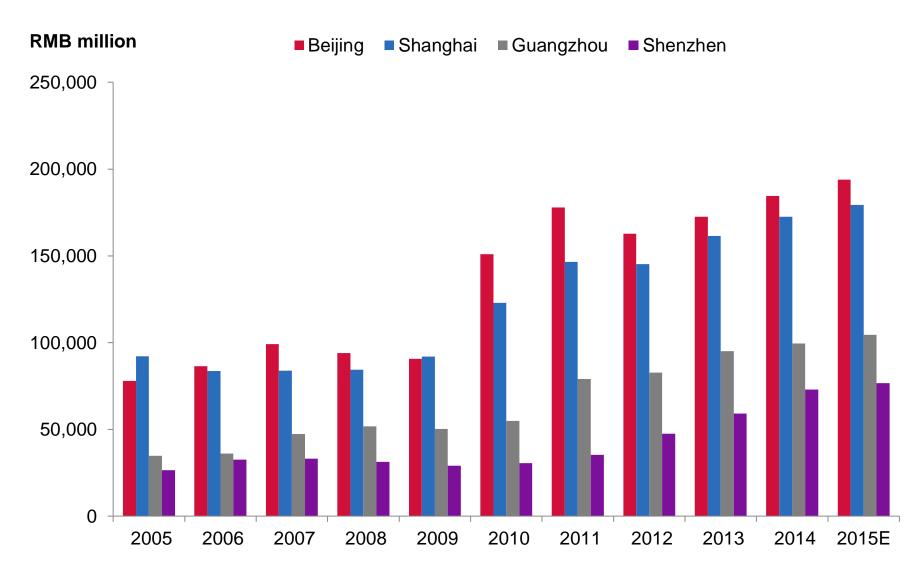




REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT





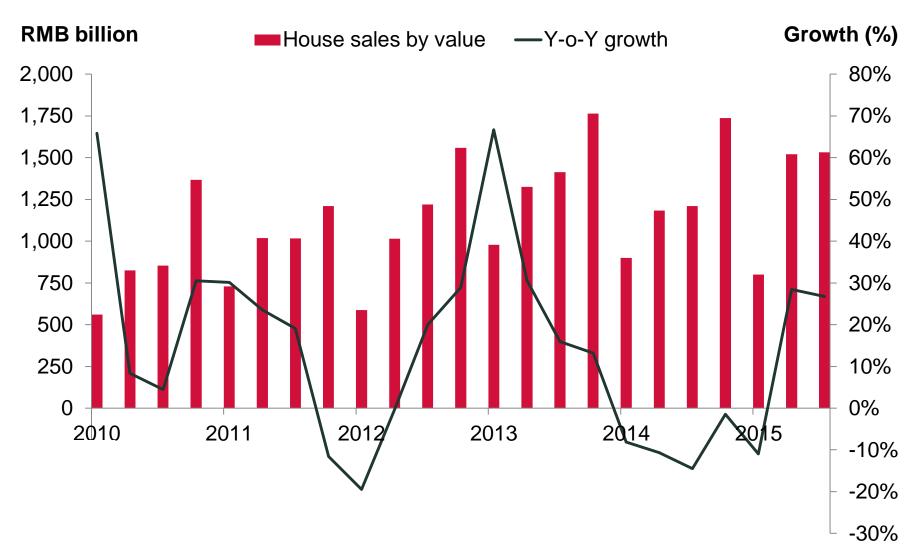


Source: National Bureau of Statistics / Knight Frank Research

HOUSE SALES VALUE



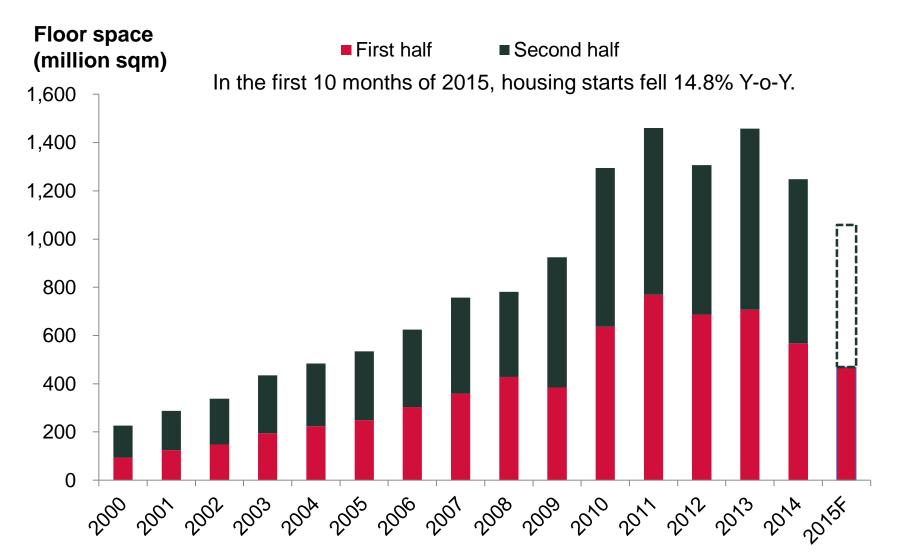




POLICY IMPACT—DEVELOPERS PULL BACK RESIDENTIAL STARTS







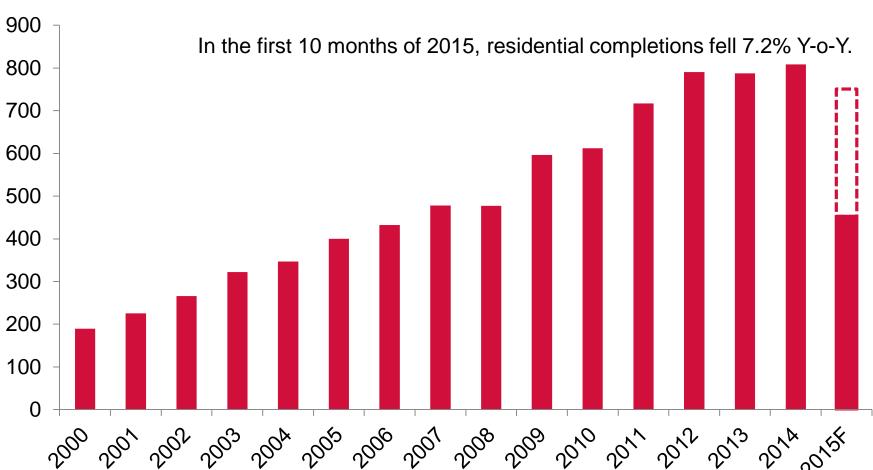
Source: National Bureau of Statistics / Knight Frank Research

RESIDENTIAL COMPLETIONS EXPECTED TO DECLINE IN 2015





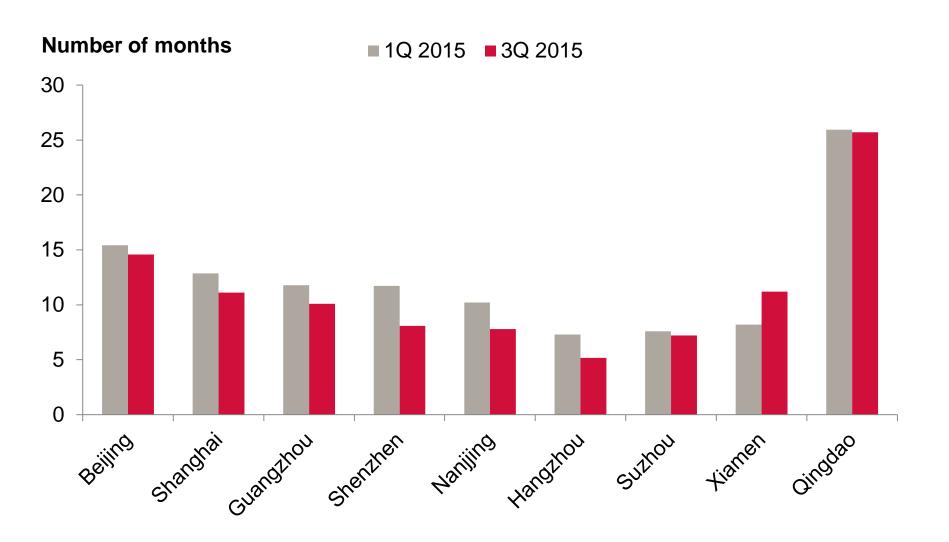




HOW LONG IT TAKES TO CLEAR INVENTORY?







MAINLAND RESIDENTIAL PRICE FORECASTS IN 2016



2016 price forecasts		
First-tier cities	1 5-8%	
Major second-tier cities	1 -4%	

10 BEST AND WORST-PERFORMERS IN HOME PRICES—2016 FORECAST





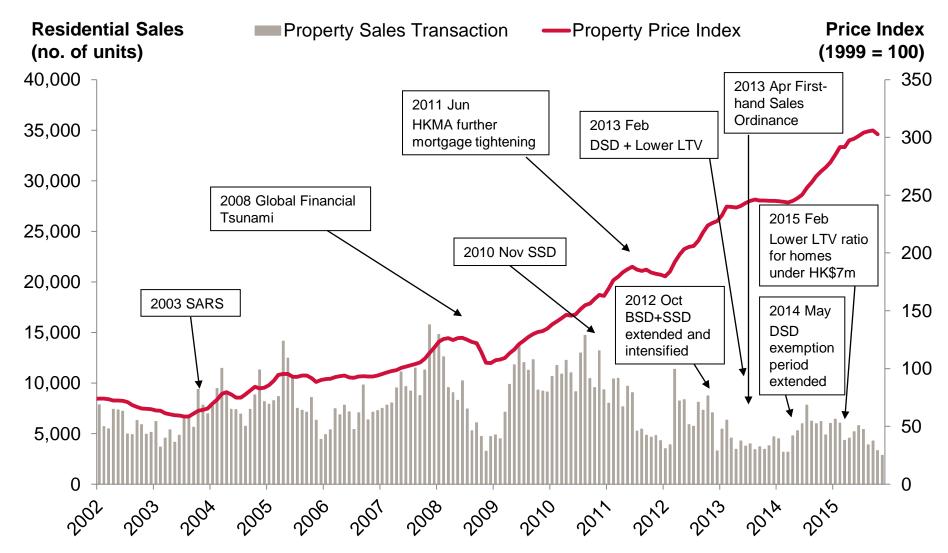
Best-performing Mainland cities	Worst-performing Mainland cities
Shenzhen	Zhanjiang
Shanghai	Dandong
Beijing	Jinzhou
Guangzhou	Bengbu
Nanjing	Shaoguan



HONG KONG RESIDENTIAL SALES VOLUME AND PRICE



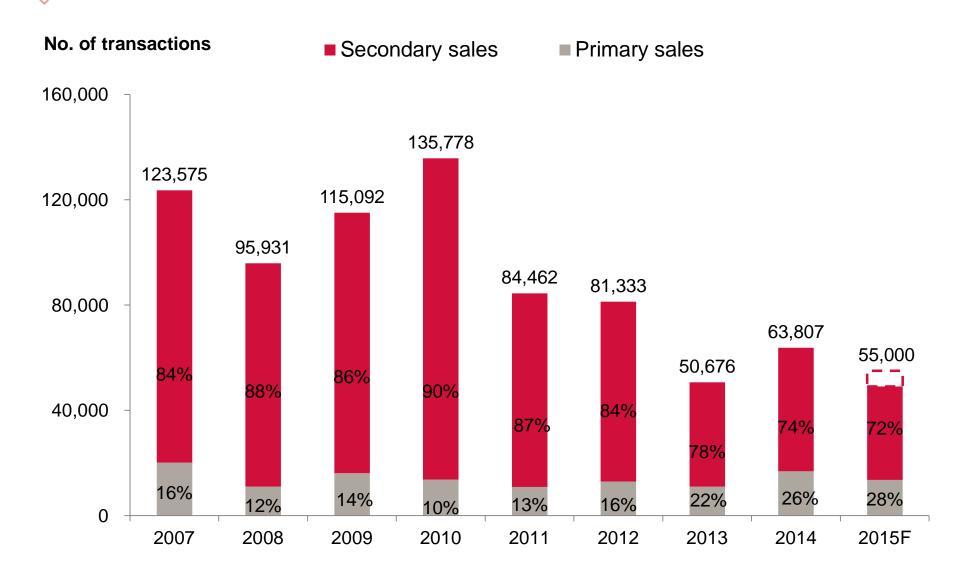




Source: Rating and Valuation Department / Knight Frank Research

PRIMARY & SECONDARY RESIDENTIAL SALES



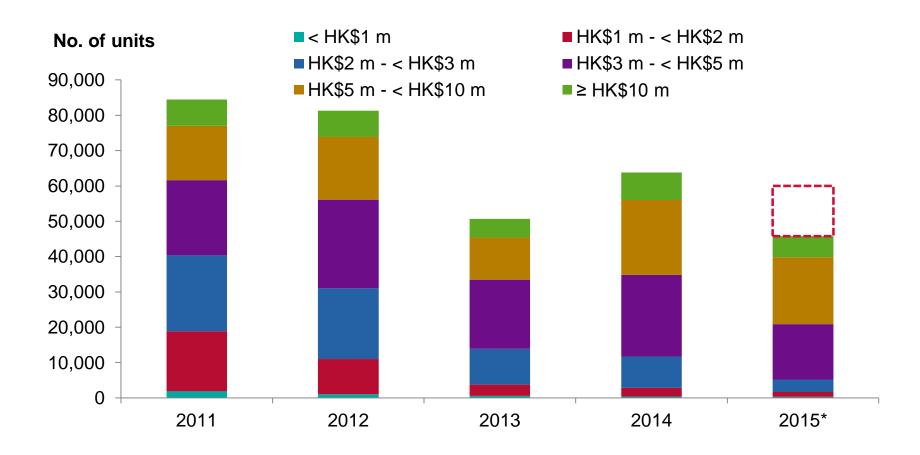


^{* 2015} figures until September

Source: Land Registry / Knight Frank Research

RESIDENTIAL SALES BY CONSIDERATION





	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
> HK\$10 million	9%	9%	10%	12%	13%

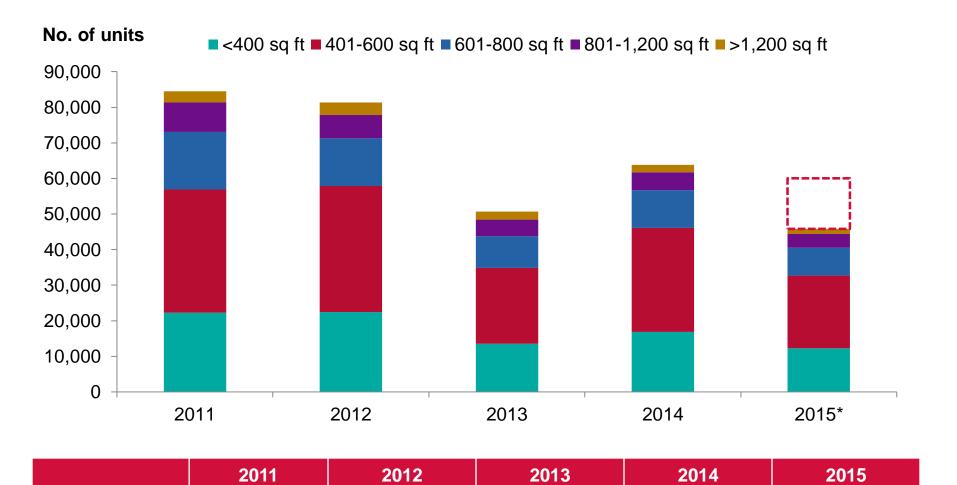
^{*} First three quarters of 2015

Source: Land Registry / Knight Frank Research

RESIDENTIAL SALES BY FLAT SIZE







69%

72%

71%

71%

< 600 ft

Source: MWPIC / Knight Frank Research

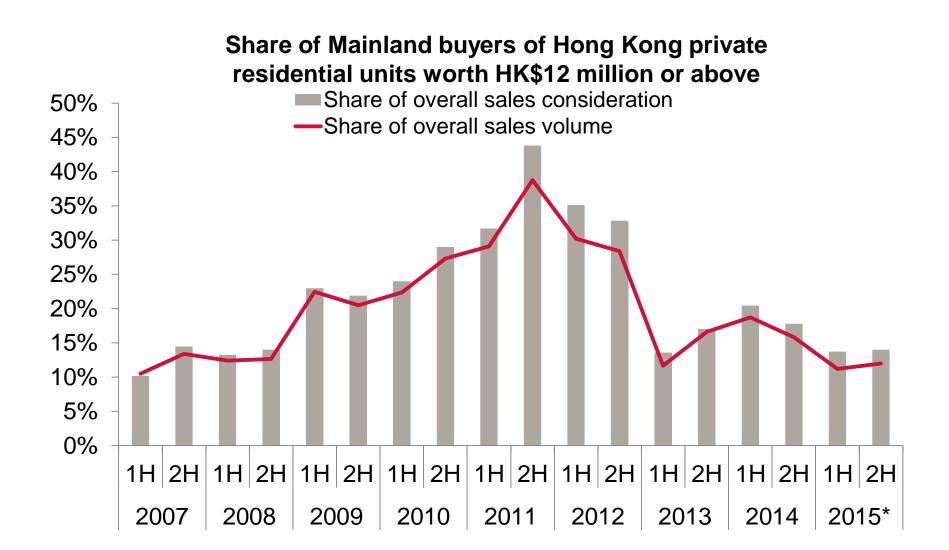
67%

^{*} First three quarters of 2015

SHARE OF MAINLAND BUYERS IN LUXURY RESIDENTIAL MARKET







^{*} Estimation

Source: Public sources / Knight Frank Research

SHARE OF LUXURY DEALS INVOLVING MAINLAND BUYERS







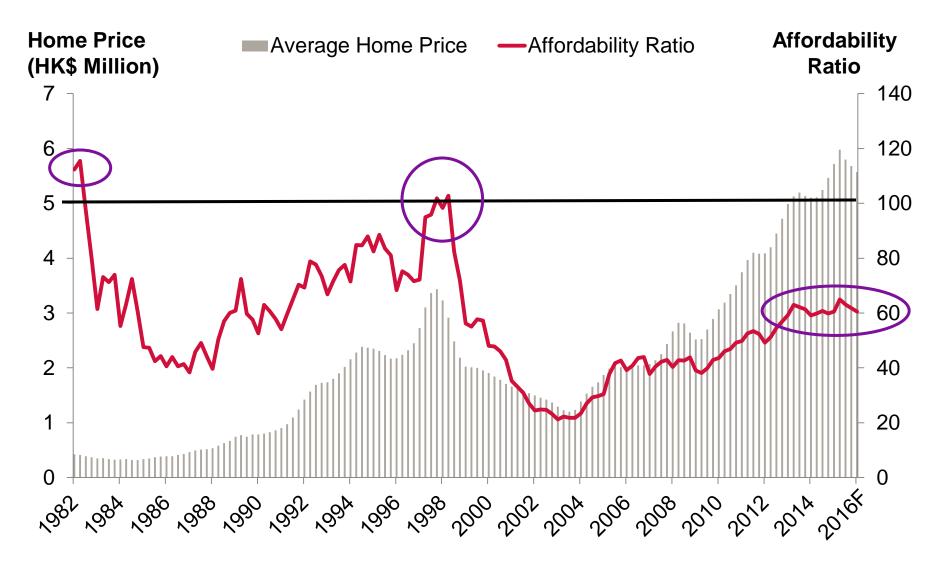
Note: Covering luxury residential transactions in the first 10 months of 2015

Source: Public sources / Knight Frank Research

GENERAL AFFORDABILITY







Note: Affordability Ratio=monthly mortgage payment / average private household monthly income, assuming 20-year repayment period Source: Rating and Valuation Department / Knight Frank

IMPACT ON AFFORDABILITY IF MORTGAGE RATE RISES



Mortgage rate changes	Monthly repayment (for every HK\$1 million loan)	% increase from current level
+0 bps (2.5%, current level)	HK\$5,300	-
+100 bps (3.5%)	HK\$5,800	+10%
+200 bps (4.5%)	HK\$6,330	+20%
+300 bps (5.5%)	HK\$6,880	+30%
+400 bps (6.5%)	HK\$7,460	+40%

Note: Assume home prices remains unchanged at current levels and a 20-year repayment period

REDUCTION ON HOME PRICES TO KEEP AFFORDABILITY UNCHANGED





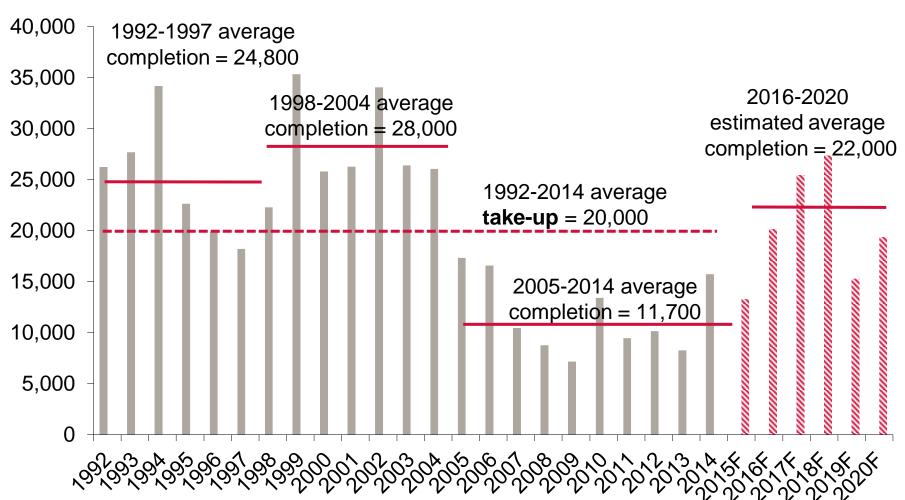
Mortgage rate changes	Home price reduction
+0 bps (2.5%, current level)	-
+100 bps (3.5%)	9 %
+200 bps (4.5%)	↓ 16%
+300 bps (5.5%)	↓ 23%
+400 bps (6.5%)	↓ 29%

NITS IN HONG KONG





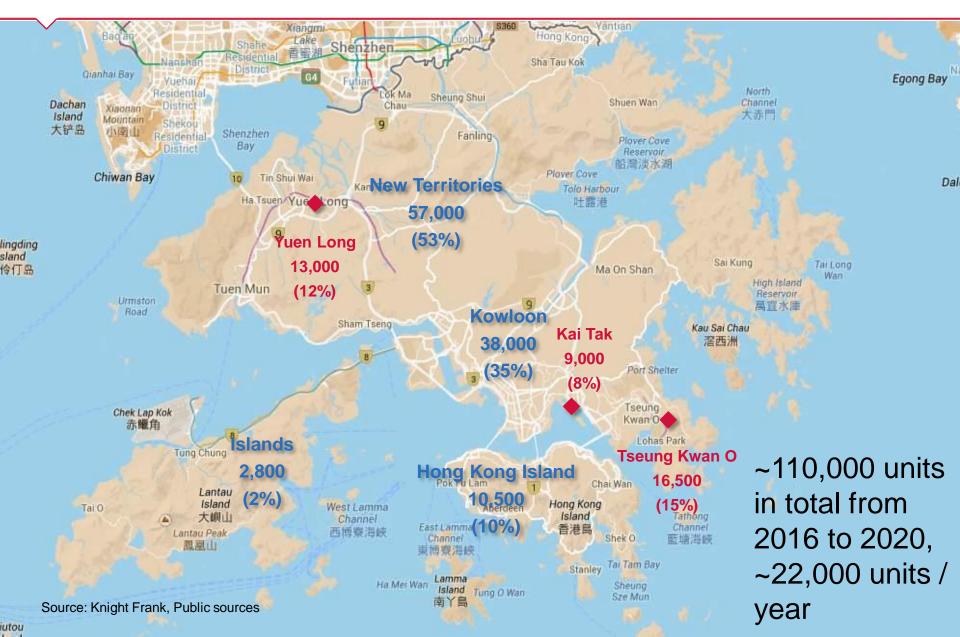




ESTIMATED RESIDENTIAL OMPLETION FROM 2016 TO 2020







HONG KONG RESIDENTIAL MARKET OUTLOOK IN 2016



Indicator	2016 forecast
Luxury residential prices	↓ 5%
Luxury residential rents	▼ 5-8%
Mass residential prices	↓ 5-10%
Mass residential rents	↓ 5%

Q&A



Knight Frank

Hong Kong

4/F Shui On Centre 6-8 Harbour Road Wanchai Hong Kong Tel +852 2840 1177 Fax +852 2840 0600

Shanghai

17/F Eco City 1788 West Nanjing Road Jing'an District Shanghai 200040 PRC Tel +86 21 6032 1788 Fax +86 21 6032 1799

Beijing

Suite 302, Tower E1, Oriental Plaza No 1 East Chang An Avenue Dong Cheng District Beijing 100738 PRC Tel +86 10 6113 8010 Fax +86 10 8518 5755

Guangzhou

Unit 3306, Tower B, China Shine Plaza 9 Linhe Xi Road Tianhe District Guangzhou 510610 PRC Tel +86 20 3877 1477 Fax +86 20 3877 1470

Macau

Suite A, 16th Floor Edificio Great Will No 665 Avenida da Praia Grande Macau Tel +853 2838 9781 Fax +853 2838 9782

Taipei

5/F, No 1 Songzhi Road Xinyi District Taipei City 110 Taiwan (ROC) Tel +886 2 8729 8799 Fax +886 2 8729 8788

Fax +86 10 6370 6691

Holdways

Beijing

2/F, Block 10, District 12 Headquarters Base, 188 South Fourth Ring Road West Feng Tai District Beijing 100070 PRC Disclaimer

Tel + 86 10 5128 4009

This document and the material contained in it is general information only and is subject to change without notice. All images are for illustration only. No representations or warranties of any nature whatsoever are given, intended or implied. Knight Frank Research will not be liable for negligence, or for any direct or indirect consequential losses or damages arising from the use of this information. You should satisfy yourself about the completeness or accuracy of any information or materials.

Copyright

This document and the material contained in it is the property of Knight Frank Research and is given to you on the understanding that such material and the ideas, concepts and proposals expressed in it are the intellectual property of Knight Frank Research and protected by copyright. It is understood that you may not use this material or any part of it for any reason other than the evaluation of the document unless we have entered into a further agreement for its use. This document is provided to you in confidence on the understanding it is not disclosed to anyone other than to your employees who need to evaluate it. ©Knight Frank Research 2014.